

The Labor Market Report

The Tennessee Department of Labor & Workforce Development

Phil Bredesen,
Governor

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January 2006 Data

Special Points of Interest:

- Labor Surplus Areas in Tennessee
- 2005 Labor Market Report Directory
- Tennessee Historical Civilian Labor Force Series, 1975 to Present
- County Unemployment Rates
- Civilian Labor Force Summary
- State Unemployment Insurance Activities

Inside this Issue:

Chattanooga MSA	7
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What Are Labor Surplus Areas ?

Employers located in labor surplus areas, as defined by the U.S. Department of Labor, can be given preference in bidding on federal contracts. The purpose in providing such a preference is to help direct the government's procurement dollars into areas where people are in the most severe economic need, i.e., areas with the highest unemployment rate.

Labor surplus areas are classified on the basis of civil jurisdictions rather than on a metropolitan area or a labor market area basis. Civil jurisdictions are defined as all cities with a population

of at least 25,000 and all counties. A civil jurisdiction becomes a labor surplus area when its average unemployment rate was at least 20 percent above the average unemployment rate for all states (including the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico) during the previous two calendar years. During periods of high unemployment, the 20 percent ratio is disregarded, and an area is classified as a labor surplus area if its unemployment rate during the previous two calendar years was 10 percent or more. This 10 percent ceiling concept comes into operation whenever the two-year average unemployment rate for all states

was 8.3 percent or above. Similarly, a "floor" concept of six percent is used during periods of low national unemployment in order for an area to qualify as a labor surplus area. The six percent "floor" comes into effect whenever the average unemployment rate for all states during the two-year reference period was five percent or less.

The U.S. Department of Labor issues the labor surplus area listing on a fiscal year basis. The 2005 listing becomes effective on October 1, 2005, and remains in effect until September 30, 2006. For more information go to the Department of Labor Internet site at www.doleta.gov.

Eligible Labor Surplus Areas

Benton County
Bledsoe County
Carroll County
Clay County
Cocke County
Columbia city
Crockett County
Decatur County
Fentress County
Gibson County
Giles County
Greene County
Hancock County
Hardeman County

Hardin County
Haywood County
Henderson County
Henry County
Houston County
Jackson city
Jackson County
Johnson County
Kingsport city
Lauderdale County
Lawrence County
Lewis County
Marshall County
Meigs County

Memphis city
Monroe County
Morgan County
Pickett County
Smith County
Wayne County
Weakley County

ALERT !!!

With the 2006 budget restraints on labor force data, we now only produce the preliminary estimate and then benchmark it at the end of the year.

2005 Labor Market Report Directory

Articles of interest published in the 2005 issues of The Labor Market Report are listed below. Request copies by writing to the address on the back of this report or e-mailing us at tnlmi@state.tn.us. Issues of The Labor Market Report for last year are on the Internet at <http://www.tennessee.gov/labor-wfd/lmr>.

JANUARY

- The 2004 LMR Directory. Articles published in the 2004 issues of The Labor Market Report.
- New Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Areas. This includes new definitions and new data on a LMR with newly defined metro areas based on the 2000 Census information.

FEBRUARY

- What Are Labor Surplus Areas Classifications? A list of the Tennessee counties that are eligible labor surplus areas.

MARCH

- State-by State Per Capita Personal Income and Population for 2003-2004. This shows the per capita personal income, the U.S. rank, and the percentage change for each state.

APRIL

- Annual Average Nonfarm Employment for the Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs). This gives nonagricultural employment data by industry for the prior two years as collected by the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program.

MAY

- Annual Population Estimates for Tennessee and Counties from 2001 to 2004 with Census 2000 Population Totals. Shows the net population change for each county.

JUNE

- Annual Average Labor Force Employment for the Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) and the Remaining Counties. This gives labor force, employment, and unemployment data for the prior year as collected by the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program.

JULY

- Per Capita Personal Income in Tennessee, Metro Areas, and Counties from 1999 to 2003. This shows the per capita personal income and the percentage change for each area.

AUGUST

- Births, Deaths, and Net Migration Components of Population Changes in Tennessee from 2000 to 2004. This shows the population changes by county by breaking out the components of that change.

SEPTEMBER

- Annual Average Labor Force Information for the Metro and Micro Areas. This gives labor force, employment, and unemployment data for the prior three years.

OCTOBER

- Annual Average Labor Force Information for the Tennessee Counties. This gives labor force, employment, and unemployment data for the prior two years. This is the same as the September article except it covers different areas (counties vs. MSAs).

NOVEMBER

- The American Community Survey 2004 Comparison Data for Tennessee. Household data collected yearly to help offset the long-form census data collected every 10 years.

DECEMBER

- The ACCRA Cost-of-Living Index for Third Quarter, 2005. This is the cost of living in selected U.S. cities as figured by a survey from the nation's Chambers of Commerce Research Associations.

Statewide

HISTORICAL CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BY COUNTY*

(NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS)

MONTHLY DATA NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

Year and Month	Civilian Labor Force							Unemployed Number	Unemployed Rate (%)
	Total	Employment	Employed						
			Total	Nonfarm Employment					
			**Manu- facturing	**Trade	**Services				
1976	1,860.8	1,745.6	1,575.4	486.1	339.5	240.5	115.2	6.2 %	
1977	1,939.0	1,816.7	1,648.1	507.5	357.2	254.5	122.3	6.3	
1978	1,983.7	1,866.2	1,737.0	526.0	379.1	270.7	117.5	5.9	
1979	2,040.5	1,918.5	1,777.3	524.7	388.7	285.4	122.0	6.0	
1980	2,071.6	1,920.1	1,746.6	502.1	379.7	291.0	151.5	7.3	
1981	2,123.1	1,927.6	1,775.4	506.9	379.9	304.4	195.5	9.2	
1982	2,141.2	1,891.5	1,703.0	466.7	380.5	313.1	249.7	11.7	
1983	2,188.2	1,932.4	1,719.0	468.6	389.9	323.4	255.8	11.7	
1984	2,233.5	2,026.4	1,812.0	497.1	413.3	344.3	207.1	9.3	
1985	2,255.7	2,070.0	1,867.8	492.4	435.3	360.2	185.7	8.2	
1986	2,291.3	2,110.7	1,929.8	490.5	452.1	384.7	180.6	7.9	
1987	2,324.1	2,166.5	2,011.6	497.4	477.2	408.9	157.6	6.8	
1988	2,333.6	2,197.2	2,092.1	511.9	495.6	440.3	136.4	5.8	
1989	2,364.9	2,241.3	2,167.2	524.5	508.4	467.2	123.6	5.2	
1990	2,401.1	2,269.0	2,193.2	493.4	379.1	611.0	132.1	5.5	
1991	2,425.4	2,266.0	2,183.6	480.3	373.0	626.7	159.4	6.6	
1992	2,479.5	2,316.7	2,245.0	492.8	374.1	664.8	162.8	6.6	
1993	2,543.3	2,391.6	2,328.5	502.8	382.5	709.8	151.7	6.0	
1994	2,645.7	2,511.1	2,423.0	513.8	398.4	751.4	134.6	5.1	
1995	2,718.0	2,574.0	2,498.9	518.0	412.6	795.0	144.0	5.3	
1996	2,758.4	2,611.0	2,533.3	501.5	420.9	814.3	147.4	5.3	
1997	2,788.3	2,640.0	2,584.0	498.0	430.5	849.7	148.3	5.3	
1998	2,811.7	2,685.2	2,638.4	498.6	437.1	875.7	126.5	4.5	
1999	2,838.7	2,722.1	2,685.3	494.7	443.6	900.8	116.6	4.1	
2000	2,864.0	2,749.7	2,728.9	488.1	447.5	930.9	114.3	4.0	
2001	2,859.7	2,728.5	2,688.3	454.2	446.6	921.5	131.2	4.6	
2002	2,883.4	2,733.7	2,664.4	428.5	438.7	938.0	149.7	5.2	
2003	2,903.0	2,742.2	2,667.5	414.1	440.8	950.3	160.8	5.5	
2004	2,907.8	2,751.8	2,706.1	411.8	447.5	978.7	156.0	5.4	
2005	2,909.6	2,747.6	2,743.7	408.6	456.4	1,005.3	161.9	5.6	
December(r) 2005	2,925.0	2,777.1	2,758.1	411.0	472.1	995.7	147.9	5.1 %	
2006									
January (p)	2,882.4	2,693.2	2,678.5	409.1	445.8	965.1	189.2	6.5 %	
February									
March									
April									
May									
June									
July									
August									
September									
October									
November									
December									

(r)=revised

**These industries not comparable to industry employment data before

(p)=preliminary

1990 because of change to NAICS coding system.

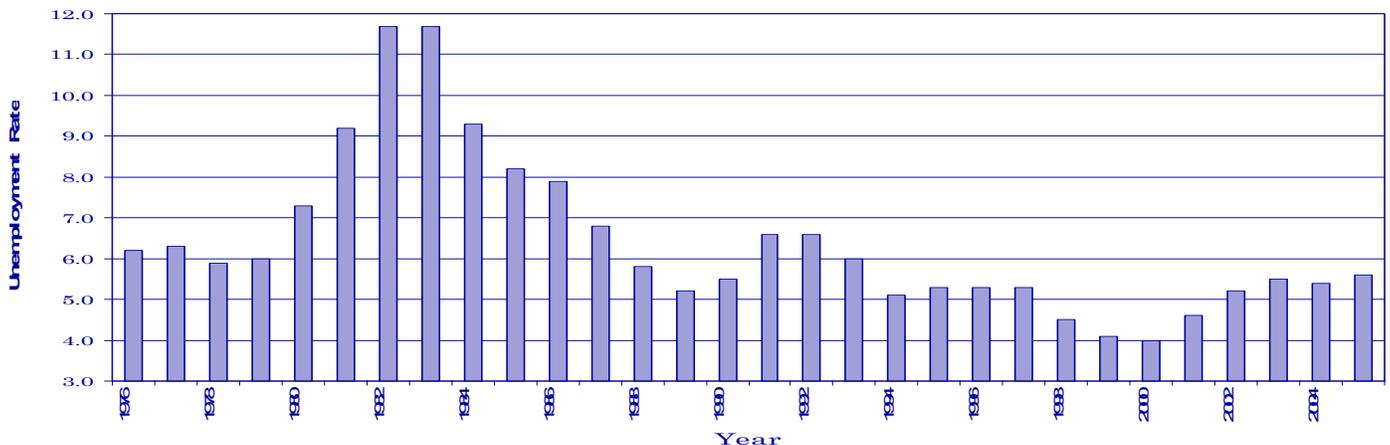
Trade = Wholesale and Retail Trade

Services = Professional/Business Services, Educational/Health Services, Leisure/Hospitality, and Other Services.

County	Jan 2005	Jan 2006	County	Jan 2005	Jan 2006
Anderson	5.9	4.9	Lauderdale	10.3	8.6
Bedford	5.3	5.1	Lawrence	10.8	14.3
Benton	10.2	8.1	Lewis	9.3	9.7
Bledsoe	9.5	7.7	Lincoln	6.1	4.7
Blount	5.6	5.0	Loudon	5.2	4.6
Bradley	5.9	5.3	Macon	5.9	6.3
Campbell	7.1	6.2	Madison	6.4	5.6
Cannon	4.9	5.6	Marion	7.7	6.2
Carroll	9.9	7.3	Marshall	7.4	8.0
Carter	6.8	5.7	Maury	6.1	8.2
Cheatham	4.8	4.0	McMinn	7.0	6.2
Chester	7.2	6.0	McNairy	7.2	5.5
Claiborne	6.3	5.6	Meigs	8.6	8.5
Clay	11.8	15.3	Monroe	7.0	6.1
Cocke	10.7	9.5	Montgomery	5.3	4.8
Coffee	5.8	5.5	Moore	4.6	4.9
Crockett	10.1	8.5	Morgan	8.7	7.0
Cumberland	8.5	7.2	Obion	7.8	5.9
Davidson	4.9	4.4	Overton	7.2	7.7
Decatur	9.0	8.5	Perry	7.9	6.8
DeKalb	6.0	6.3	Pickett	12.4	10.8
Dickson	5.3	5.2	Polk	7.2	6.8
Dyer	7.3	6.3	Putnam	5.5	5.5
Fayette	8.5	5.5	Rhea	7.4	7.0
Fentress	8.5	7.5	Roane	6.6	5.8
Franklin	5.8	5.9	Robertson	4.8	4.3
Gibson	10.5	8.5	Rutherford	4.4	4.1
Giles	8.9	8.7	Scott	8.5	6.7
Grainger	7.0	6.5	Sequatchie	5.5	5.3
Greene	9.9	9.1	Sevier	10.8	9.3
Grundy	7.5	9.2	Shelby	7.1	6.0
Hamblen	5.9	6.2	Smith	8.1	6.2
Hamilton	5.3	4.9	Stewart	8.9	8.5
Hancock	13.3	8.2	Sullivan	6.3	5.0
Hardeman	11.4	7.8	Sumner	4.9	4.2
Hardin	9.6	6.9	Tipton	7.6	6.0
Hawkins	7.2	6.4	Trousdale	8.2	6.0
Haywood	9.6	7.9	Unicoi	7.7	7.4
Henderson	8.5	7.6	Union	6.1	5.3
Henry	9.6	8.4	Van Buren	9.4	10.1
Hickman	6.8	6.4	Warren	6.8	11.0
Houston	9.8	9.1	Washington	5.7	4.7
Humphreys	8.9	7.6	Wayne	12.1	13.9
Jackson	10.9	8.4	Weakley	7.5	6.1
Jefferson	8.0	7.1	White	7.7	10.9
Johnson	10.3	8.6	Williamson	3.7	3.9
Knox	4.5	4.1	Wilson	4.8	4.3
Lake	10.4	8.7			

*Data Not Seasonally Adjusted

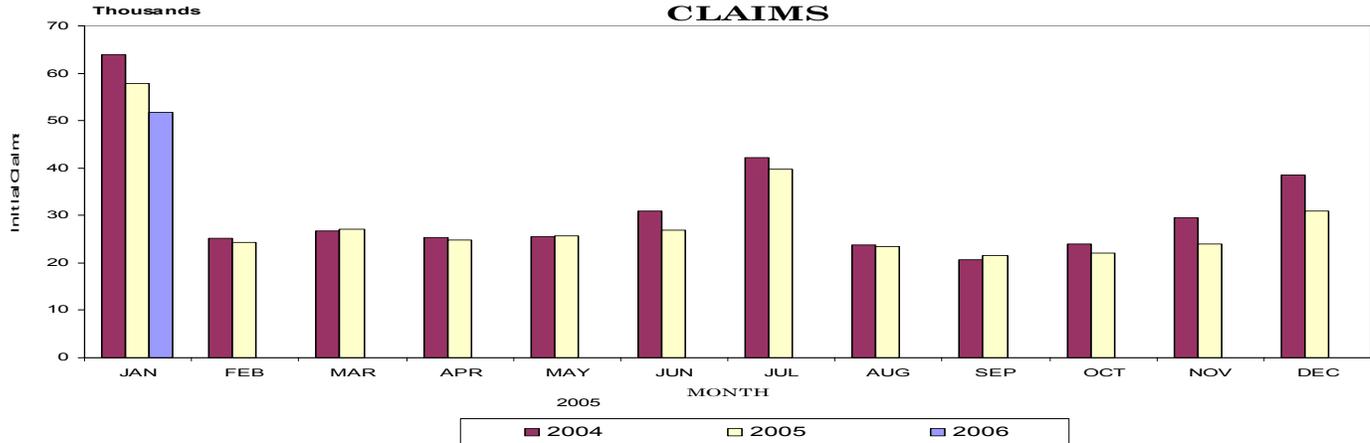
Unemployment Rates 1976-2005



Statewide

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

MONTHLY INITIAL CLAIMS



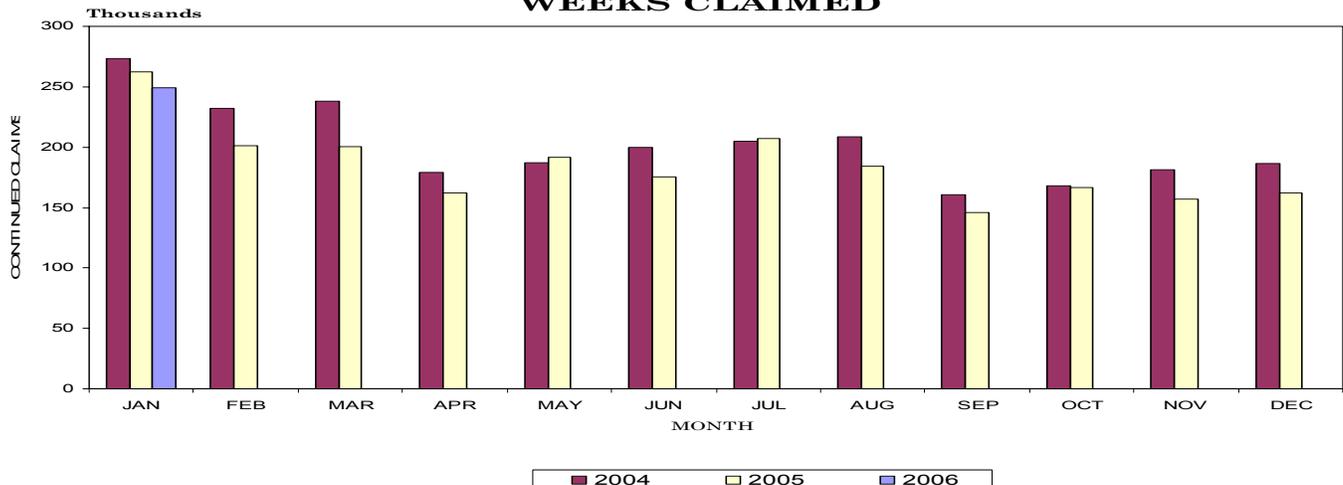
BENEFIT PROGRAMS

STATE BENEFIT PROGRAM				FEDERAL BENEFIT PROGRAMS			
CLAIMS	Jan. 2005	Dec. 2005	Jan. 2006	FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEES	Jan. 2005	Dec. 2005	Jan. 2006
Initial Claims	57,576	30,901	51,838	Benefits Paid	\$670,969	\$492,815	\$563,243
Continued Weeks Claimed	262,075	162,187	249,105	Benefit Weeks Claimed	2,336	1,902	1,919
Nonmonetary Determinations	5,404	5,786	5,590	Initial Claims	195	104	185
Appeals Decisions	1,785	1,689	1,774	Continued Weeks Claimed	2,541	1,876	2,168
Lower Authority	1,480	1,437	1,479	Appeals Decisions	10	8	6
Higher Authority	305	252	295				
BENEFITS				FORMER MILITARY PERSONNEL			
Amount Paid	\$47,450,014	\$30,725,775	\$45,522,878	Benefits Paid	\$556,304	\$675,960	\$1,004,920
Benefit Weeks Paid	223,588	155,431	216,615	Benefit Weeks Claimed	1,827	2,311	3,135
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	\$209	\$215	\$213	Initial Claims	171	292	291
First Payments	27,375	12,663	24,313	Continued Weeks Claimed	2,021	2,385	3,326
Final Payments	5,201	3,917	4,607	Appeals Decisions	5	4	3
Average Weeks Duration	14	14	14				
Trust Fund Balance*	\$540,287,865	\$629,417,564	\$599,245,511				

*Trust Fund includes a one-time deposit in March 2002 of \$162 million of Reed Act

CONTINUED WEEKS CLAIMED

MONTHLY CONTINUED WEEKS CLAIMED



Statewide

ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	Revised		Preliminary	Net Change	
	January 2005	December 2005	January 2006	Jan. 2005 Jan. 2006	Dec. 2005 Jan. 2006
Total Nonfarm	2,671.3	2,789.3	2,708.9	37.6	-80.4
Total Private	2,261.1	2,366.9	2,296.2	35.1	-70.7
Goods-Producing	526.0	529.5	524.7	-1.3	-4.8
Natural Resources & Mining	4.0	4.1	4.1	0.1	0.0
Construction	113.0	120.7	116.7	3.7	-4.0
Manufacturing	409.0	404.7	403.9	-5.1	-0.8
Durable Goods Manufacturing	254.8	251.2	252.0	-2.8	0.8
Wood Product Manufacturing	17.5	17.6	17.4	-0.1	-0.2
Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	15.4	16.0	15.8	0.4	-0.2
Primary Metal Manufacturing	12.2	11.9	11.9	-0.3	0.0
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	42.1	42.9	43.0	0.9	0.1
Machinery Manufacturing	33.6	31.1	32.6	-1.0	1.5
Computer & Electronic Product Manufacturing	11.0	10.1	9.7	-1.3	-0.4
Electrical Equipment & Appliance Manufacturing	24.0	23.3	23.4	-0.6	0.1
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	64.1	64.1	63.8	-0.3	-0.3
Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing	38.0	37.8	37.5	-0.5	-0.3
Furniture & Related Product Manufacturing	19.6	19.1	19.3	-0.3	0.2
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	15.3	15.1	15.1	-0.2	0.0
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	154.2	153.5	151.9	-2.3	-1.6
Food Manufacturing	33.4	34.5	33.6	0.2	-0.9
Animal Slaughtering & Processing	10.8	11.5	11.4	0.6	-0.1
Bakeries & Tortilla Manufacturing	7.5	7.9	7.8	0.3	-0.1
Beverage & Tobacco Product Manufacturing	5.3	5.2	5.1	-0.2	-0.1
Textile Mills	5.9	5.2	5.4	-0.5	0.2
Textile Product Mills	4.1	4.0	4.0	-0.1	0.0
Apparel Manufacturing	8.6	8.0	7.9	-0.7	-0.1
Paper Manufacturing	18.9	19.3	19.3	0.4	0.0
Printing & Related Support Activities	18.6	18.8	17.7	-0.9	-1.1
Chemical Manufacturing	27.5	26.8	27.1	-0.4	0.3
Plastics & Rubber Products Manufacturing	29.3	29.5	29.2	-0.1	-0.3
Plastics Product Manufacturing	15.2	15.3	15.3	0.1	0.0
Rubber Product Manufacturing	14.1	14.2	13.9	-0.2	-0.3
Service-Providing	2,145.3	2,259.8	2,184.2	38.9	-75.6
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	578.4	623.6	588.8	10.4	-34.8
Wholesale Trade	128.4	132.2	130.4	2.0	-1.8
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	66.6	68.3	67.9	1.3	-0.4
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	46.0	47.0	46.1	0.1	-0.9
Wholesale Electronic Markets	15.8	16.9	16.4	0.6	-0.5
Retail Trade	311.7	344.2	318.7	7.0	-25.5
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	42.4	44.1	43.6	1.2	-0.5
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	9.7	10.3	10.0	0.3	-0.3
Building Material, Garden Equipment, & Supplies	25.0	26.8	26.4	1.4	-0.4
Food & Beverage Stores	45.2	45.7	43.9	-1.3	-1.8
Health & Personal Care Stores	21.1	23.0	22.5	1.4	-0.5
Gasoline Stations	23.6	24.4	23.5	-0.1	-0.9
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	30.9	35.3	31.8	0.9	-3.5
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	12.7	13.9	12.7	0.0	-1.2
General Merchandise Stores	70.3	78.9	73.5	3.2	-5.4
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	18.6	20.1	18.7	0.1	-1.4
Nonstore Retailers	11.4	12.1	11.2	-0.2	-0.9
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	138.3	147.2	139.7	1.4	-7.5
Utilities	3.5	3.6	3.6	0.1	0.0
Transportation & Warehousing	134.8	143.6	136.1	1.3	-7.5
Truck Transportation	60.5	64.3	61.7	1.2	-2.6
Information	49.7	50.1	49.8	0.1	-0.3
Publishing Industries (except internet)	14.5	14.8	14.6	0.1	-0.2
Telecommunications	15.7	15.3	15.5	-0.2	0.2
Financial Activities	141.3	145.0	142.4	1.1	-2.6
Finance & Insurance	106.3	108.3	106.6	0.3	-1.7
Real Estate, Rental, & Leasing	35.0	36.7	35.8	0.8	-0.9
Professional & Business Services	300.6	320.9	307.2	6.6	-13.7
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	102.2	105.3	105.2	3.0	-0.1
Management of Companies & Enterprises	22.5	23.0	23.5	1.0	0.5
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	175.9	192.6	178.5	2.6	-14.1
Educational & Health Services	323.1	334.3	330.9	7.8	-3.4
Educational Services	43.3	45.9	44.5	1.2	-1.4
Health Care & Social Assistance	279.8	288.4	286.4	6.6	-2.0
Ambulatory Health Care Services	102.8	106.9	105.9	3.1	-1.0
Hospitals	87.7	89.7	89.7	2.0	0.0
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	50.5	51.8	51.0	0.5	-0.8
Social Assistance	38.8	40.0	39.8	1.0	-0.2
Leisure & Hospitality	243.0	262.2	252.6	9.6	-9.6
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	23.1	27.3	25.0	1.9	-2.3
Accommodation & Food Services	219.9	234.9	227.6	7.7	-7.3
Accommodation	31.2	34.4	32.4	1.2	-2.0
Food Services & Drinking Places	188.7	200.5	195.2	6.5	-5.3
Other Services	99.0	101.3	99.8	0.8	-1.5
Repair & Maintenance	21.0	21.4	21.6	0.6	0.2
Personal & Laundry Services	24.0	24.5	23.6	-0.4	-0.9
Government	410.2	422.4	412.7	2.5	-9.7
Federal Government	48.9	48.6	48.1	-0.8	-0.5
State Government	92.4	98.0	93.4	1.0	-4.6
State Government Educational Services	45.4	49.6	45.3	-0.1	-4.3
Local Government	268.9	275.8	271.2	2.3	-4.6
Local Government Educational Services	138.5	142.1	138.8	0.3	-3.3

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS

Industry	Jan. 2005	Dec. 2005	Jan. 2006
Manufacturing	\$547.84	\$559.00	\$553.18
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$544.83	\$547.01	\$540.32
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	\$592.76	\$594.03	\$607.51
Machinery Manufacturing	\$503.06	\$559.06	\$550.65
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$554.61	\$578.45	\$575.48
Food Manufacturing	\$492.38	\$546.45	\$462.94

AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS

Industry	Jan. 2005	Dec. 2005	Jan. 2006
Manufacturing	39.3	39.9	39.4
Durable Goods Manufacturing	39.0	39.1	38.9
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	39.1	38.8	39.5
Machinery Manufacturing	36.8	40.6	40.4
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	39.9	41.2	40.3
Food Manufacturing	36.8	36.6	36.8

AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS

Industry	Jan. 2005	Dec. 2005	Jan. 2006
Manufacturing	\$13.94	\$14.01	\$14.04
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$13.97	\$13.99	\$13.89
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	\$15.16	\$15.31	\$15.38
Machinery Manufacturing	\$13.67	\$13.77	\$13.63
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$13.90	\$14.04	\$14.28
Food Manufacturing	\$13.38	\$12.69	\$12.58

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR FORCE IN TENNESSEE

Tennessee's seasonally adjusted estimated unemployment rate for January 2006 was 5.1 percent, down 0.3 percent from the December 2005 rate. This is the 18th consecutive month that the rate is above the national average.

The United States' unemployment rate was 4.7 percent in January 2006. In January 2005, the national unemployment rate was 5.2 percent, and the state's unemployment rate was 5.9 percent.

Across Tennessee, the not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate increased in 93 counties and decreased in two counties. The lowest rate occurred in Williamson County at 3.9 percent, up 0.9 percent from the previous month. The highest rate was Clay County's 15.3 percent, up from 14.4 percent in December 2005.

(Continued on Page 6)

CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

	January 2005				December 2005				Preliminary January 2006			
	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployed	Rate
Seasonally Adjusted												
U.S.	147,956,000	140,234,00	7,723,000	5.2	150,153,000	142,779,00	7,375,000	4.9	150,114,000	143,074,00	7,040,000	4.7
TENNESSEE	2,895,000	2,735,100	159,900	5.5	2,916,600	2,758,300	158,300	5.4	2,926,100	2,776,900	149,200	5.1
Not Seasonally Adjusted												
U.S.	147,125,000	138,682,00	8,444,000	5.7	149,874,000	142,918,00	6,956,000	4.6	149,090,000	141,481,00	7,608,000	5.1
TENNESSEE	2,870,300	2,688,500	181,800	6.3	2,925,200	2,776,600	148,600	5.1	2,896,800	2,732,200	164,500	5.7
Metropolitan Statistical Areas												
Chattanooga	248,030	234,970	13,070	5.3	253,380	242,370	11,000	4.3	251,050	239,140	11,910	4.7
Clarksville	102,240	96,150	6,100	6.0	105,570	99,710	5,870	5.6	105,410	98,960	6,450	6.1
Cleveland	52,690	49,470	3,220	6.1	53,950	51,330	2,620	4.8	53,490	50,550	2,940	5.5
Jackson	52,820	49,360	3,460	6.6	54,300	51,530	2,770	5.1	53,470	50,460	3,010	5.6
Johnson City	93,760	87,920	5,840	6.2	96,410	91,920	4,490	4.7	94,300	89,360	4,940	5.2
Kingsport-Bristol	139,700	131,140	8,560	6.1	140,400	133,950	6,450	4.6	140,220	133,000	7,220	5.1
Knoxville	335,170	318,580	16,590	4.9	341,320	327,680	13,630	4.0	337,480	322,690	14,790	4.4
Memphis	591,800	549,840	41,960	7.1	605,890	570,460	35,430	5.8	595,700	559,270	36,430	6.1
Morristown	62,730	58,430	4,300	6.9	63,480	59,940	3,540	5.6	62,580	58,460	4,120	6.6
Nashville	726,880	692,140	34,730	4.8	754,630	724,510	30,120	4.0	742,470	709,890	32,580	4.4
Micropolitan Statistical Areas												
Athens	23,290	21,660	1,630	7.0	23,660	22,380	1,270	5.4	23,560	22,100	1,460	6.2
Brownsville	9,120	8,250	870	9.6	8,910	8,290	630	7.0	9,090	8,380	720	7.9
Columbia	34,960	32,820	2,140	6.1	35,350	33,510	1,840	5.2	35,150	32,250	2,900	8.2
Cookeville	48,300	45,180	3,110	6.4	48,970	46,370	2,600	5.3	48,690	45,650	3,040	6.2
Crossville	21,810	19,950	1,860	8.5	21,880	20,490	1,390	6.3	21,890	20,300	1,580	7.2
Dyersburg	17,170	15,920	1,250	7.3	17,190	16,190	1,000	5.8	16,880	15,810	1,070	6.3
Greeneville	31,960	28,810	3,150	9.9	32,090	29,480	2,610	8.1	32,090	29,160	2,930	9.1
Harriman	25,030	23,380	1,650	6.6	25,550	24,170	1,380	5.4	25,400	23,930	1,470	5.8
Humboldt	21,000	18,790	2,220	10.5	20,490	18,990	1,510	7.3	20,760	18,990	1,770	8.5
LaFollette	16,690	15,500	1,190	7.1	16,970	16,030	940	5.5	16,820	15,770	1,050	6.2
Lawrenceburg	17,710	15,790	1,920	10.8	16,810	14,620	2,190	13.0	16,940	14,530	2,420	14.3
Lewisburg	12,220	11,320	900	7.4	12,400	11,630	770	6.2	12,590	11,580	1,000	8.0
Martin	15,390	14,230	1,160	7.5	15,250	14,410	840	5.5	15,470	14,530	940	6.1
McMinnville	18,460	17,200	1,250	6.8	17,630	15,900	1,730	9.8	17,940	15,970	1,970	11.0
Newport	15,720	14,040	1,690	10.7	15,770	14,650	1,120	7.1	15,920	14,410	1,510	9.5
Paris	14,030	12,690	1,340	9.6	13,740	12,720	1,020	7.5	13,850	12,690	1,160	8.4
Sevierville	43,300	38,620	4,680	10.8	44,280	42,020	2,260	5.1	43,960	39,880	4,070	9.3
Shelbyville	21,070	19,940	1,120	5.3	21,370	20,360	1,010	4.7	21,460	20,350	1,100	5.1
Tullahoma	47,920	45,180	2,740	5.7	48,860	46,370	2,490	5.1	48,360	45,630	2,730	5.6
Union City	18,160	16,720	1,440	7.9	18,130	17,070	1,060	5.8	18,240	17,050	1,190	6.5

(Continued from Page 5)

Total nonfarm employment increased by 37,600 jobs from January 2005 to January 2006. During this period, there were increases in accommodation/food services (up 7,700 jobs), which includes an increase of 6,500 jobs in food services/drinking places; retail trade (up 7,000 jobs), which includes an increase of 3,200 jobs in general merchandise stores and 1,400 jobs in both building material/garden equipment/supplies and health/personal care stores; health care/social assistance (up 6,600 jobs), which includes increases of 3,100 jobs in ambulatory health

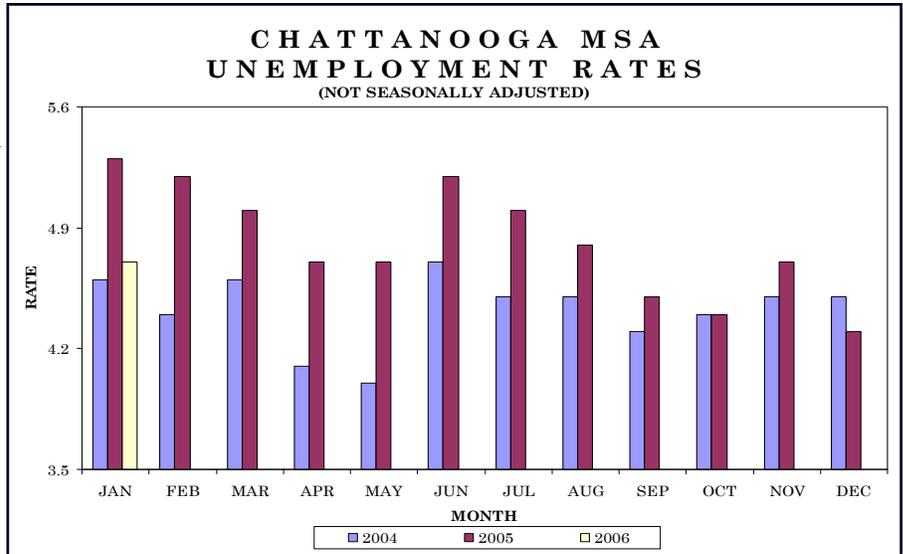
care services and 2,000 jobs in hospitals; professional/business services (up 6,600 jobs), which includes increases of 3,000 jobs in professional/scientific/technical services and 2,600 jobs in administrative/support/waste management; construction (up 3,700 jobs); local government (up 2,300 jobs); wholesale trade (up 2,000 jobs), which includes an increase of 1,300 jobs in durable goods merchant wholesalers; and truck transportation (up 1,200 jobs). This was partially offset by declines in computer/electronic product manufacturing and food/beverage stores (both down 1,300 jobs).

During January, nonfarm employment decreased by 80,400 jobs. There were seasonal declines in retail trade (down 25,500 jobs), which includes drops of 5,400 jobs in general merchandise stores and 3,500 jobs in clothing/clothing accessories stores; administrative/support/waste management (down 14,100 jobs); transportation/warehousing (down 7,500 jobs); accommodation/food services (down 7,300 jobs), which includes a decrease of 5,300 jobs in food services/drinking places; state and local governments (both down 4,600 jobs); and construction (down 4,000 jobs).

The data from all the nonfarm employment estimates tables include all full- and part-time nonfarm wage and salary employees who worked during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded. These numbers may not add due to rounding. Data are based on the 2004 benchmark.

Total nonfarm employment decreased by 4,300 jobs from December 2005 to January 2006. There were seasonal decreases in retail trade (down 1,400 jobs), which includes a drop of 700 jobs in general merchandise stores; local government (down 500 jobs); leisure/hospitality (down 400 jobs), which includes a decline of 200 jobs in accommodation/food services; state government and educational/health services (both down 400 jobs); durable goods manufacturing and administrative/support/waste management (both down 300 jobs); and federal government (down 200 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 3,900 jobs. During that time, goods-producing jobs declined by 100 jobs, while service-providing jobs increased by 4,000.



HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

CHATTANOOGA MSA

Industry	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan. 2005	Dec. 2005	Jan. 2006	Jan. 2005	Dec. 2005	Jan. 2006	Jan. 2005	Dec. 2005	Jan. 2006
	Manufacturing	\$518.20	\$536.22	\$532.72	40.9	41.6	41.2	\$12.67	\$12.89
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$541.91	\$569.33	\$559.54	39.7	40.9	40.4	\$13.65	\$13.92	\$13.85
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$498.26	\$508.02	\$510.30	41.8	42.3	42.0	\$11.92	\$12.01	\$12.15

ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

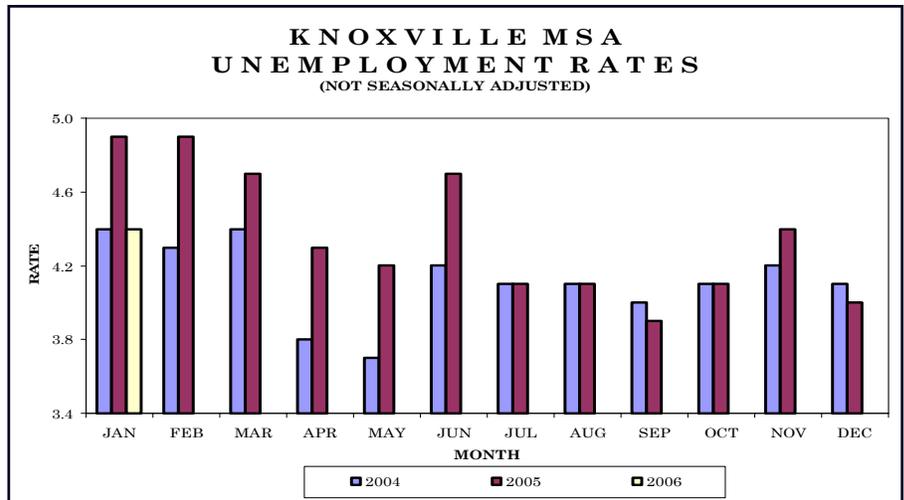
Industry	January 2005	Revised December 2005	Preliminary January 2006	Net Change	
				Jan. 2005 - Jan. 2006	Dec. 2005 - Jan. 2006
Total Nonfarm	236.1	244.3	240.0	3.9	-4.3
Total Private	202.0	208.7	205.5	3.5	-3.2
Goods-Producing	45.3	45.6	45.2	-0.1	-0.4
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	10.4	10.5	10.4	0.0	-0.1
Manufacturing	34.9	35.1	34.8	-0.1	-0.3
Durable Goods Manufacturing	15.7	16.1	16.1	0.4	0.0
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	19.2	19.0	18.7	-0.5	-0.3
Food Manufacturing	6.2	6.5	6.4	0.2	-0.1
Textile Mills	4.6	4.3	4.3	-0.3	0.0
Service-Providing	190.8	198.7	194.8	4.0	-3.9
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	54.7	57.8	56.4	1.7	-1.4
Wholesale Trade	8.9	8.9	9.0	0.1	0.1
Retail Trade	25.8	27.8	26.4	0.6	-1.4
General Merchandise Stores	5.7	6.5	5.8	0.1	-0.7
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	20.0	21.1	21.0	1.0	-0.1
Information	2.7	2.7	2.6	-0.1	-0.1
Financial Activities	18.6	18.8	18.7	0.1	-0.1
Professional & Business Services	25.1	25.8	25.5	0.4	-0.3
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	8.5	8.7	8.7	0.2	0.0
Management of Companies & Enterprises	3.9	4.0	4.0	0.1	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	12.7	13.1	12.8	0.1	-0.3
Educational & Health Services	24.5	25.0	24.6	0.1	-0.4
Leisure & Hospitality	20.6	22.2	21.8	1.2	-0.4
Accommodation & Food Services	18.5	19.4	19.2	0.7	-0.2
Other Services	10.5	10.8	10.7	0.2	-0.1
Government	34.1	35.6	34.5	0.4	-1.1
Federal Government	6.5	6.5	6.3	-0.2	-0.2
State Government	5.7	6.2	5.8	0.1	-0.4
Local Government	21.9	22.9	22.4	0.5	-0.5



Knoxville MSA - Anderson, Blount, Knox, Loudon, Union

Total nonfarm employment decreased by 5,800 jobs from December 2005 to January 2006. There were seasonal decreases in retail trade (down 1,400 jobs), which includes a decline of 800 jobs in general merchandise stores and 200 jobs in food/beverage stores; administrative/support/waste management (down 1,400 jobs); local government (down 1,000 jobs); accommodation/food services (down 800 jobs), which includes a drop of 500 jobs in food services/drinking places; educational/health services (down 400 jobs); and transportation/warehousing/utilities and wholesale trade (both down 300 jobs). This is partially offset by an increase in durable goods manufacturing (up 200 jobs).

During the past 12 months, nonfarm employment increased by 5,500 jobs. During this time, goods-producing jobs increased by 100, while service-providing jobs increased by 5,400.



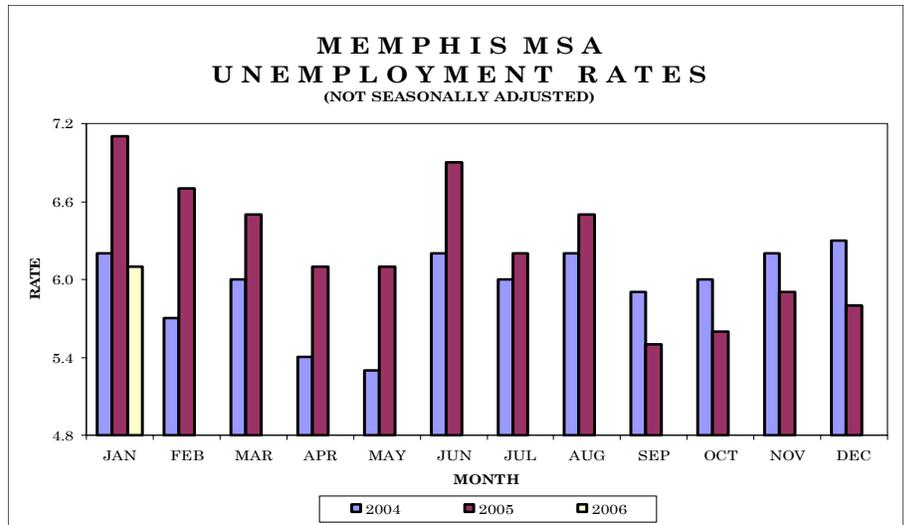
HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS KNOXVILLE MSA

Industry	Average Weekly Earnings		Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings			
	Jan. 2005	Dec. 2005	Jan. 2006	Jan. 2005	Dec. 2005	Jan. 2006	Jan. 2005	Dec. 2005	Jan. 2006
Manufacturing	\$609.96	\$627.16	\$604.48	39.0	40.1	38.6	\$15.64	\$15.64	\$15.66
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$680.10	\$672.28	\$661.30	40.1	39.2	38.9	\$16.96	\$17.15	\$17.00
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$449.90	\$529.61	\$479.94	36.4	42.2	38.0	\$12.36	\$12.55	\$12.63

ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	January 2005	Revised	Preliminary	Net Change	
		December 2005	January 2006	Jan. 2005	Dec. 2005
				Jan. 2006	Jan. 2006
Total Nonfarm	321.7	333.0	327.2	5.5	-5.8
Total Private	269.3	279.7	274.9	5.6	-4.8
Goods-Producing	55.2	55.1	55.3	0.1	0.2
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	16.6	16.8	16.8	0.2	0.0
Manufacturing	38.6	38.3	38.5	-0.1	0.2
Durable Goods Manufacturing	28.7	28.4	28.6	-0.1	0.2
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	8.2	8.3	8.3	0.1	0.0
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	8.6	8.9	8.9	0.3	0.0
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	9.9	9.9	9.9	0.0	0.0
Service-Providing	266.5	277.9	271.9	5.4	-6.0
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	69.0	72.2	70.2	1.2	-2.0
Wholesale Trade	16.0	16.2	15.9	-0.1	-0.3
Retail Trade	42.6	45.3	43.9	1.3	-1.4
Food & Beverage Stores	5.6	5.7	5.5	-0.1	-0.2
General Merchandise Stores	9.3	9.8	9.0	-0.3	-0.8
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	10.4	10.7	10.4	0.0	-0.3
Information	5.8	6.0	6.0	0.2	0.0
Financial Activities	16.9	17.6	17.6	0.7	0.0
Professional & Business Services	38.0	39.8	38.2	0.2	-1.6
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	18.6	19.9	18.5	-0.1	-1.4
Educational & Health Services	38.2	39.8	39.4	1.2	-0.4
Leisure & Hospitality	32.7	35.3	34.4	1.7	-0.9
Accommodation & Food Services	30.0	32.3	31.5	1.5	-0.8
Food Services & Drinking Places	27.3	29.6	29.1	1.8	-0.5
Other Services	13.5	13.9	13.8	0.3	-0.1
Government	52.4	53.3	52.3	-0.1	-1.0
Federal Government	5.1	5.1	5.1	0.0	0.0
State Government	19.0	18.9	18.9	-0.1	0.0
Local Government	28.3	29.3	28.3	0.0	-1.0

Total nonfarm employment declined by 12,400 jobs from December 2005 to January 2006. There were seasonal decreases in retail trade (down 3,900 jobs), which includes a decrease of 1,100 jobs in general merchandise stores; professional/business services (down 3,900 jobs), which includes a drop of 3,500 jobs in administrative/support/waste management; accommodation/food services (down 1,300 jobs), which includes a decline of 1,100 jobs in food services/drinking places; transportation/warehousing/utilities (down 1,100 jobs); natural resources/mining/construction (down 1,000 jobs); state government (down 700 jobs); financial activities (down 600 jobs); nondurable goods manufacturing and local government (both down 400 jobs); and other services (down 300 jobs). This was partially offset by an increase in durable goods manufacturing (up 1,700 jobs).



HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

MEMPHIS MSA

Industry	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan. 2005	Dec. 2005	Jan. 2006	Jan. 2005	Dec. 2005	Jan. 2006	Jan. 2005	Dec. 2005	Jan. 2006
Manufacturing	\$586.92	\$579.34	\$634.66	40.2	40.4	41.4	\$14.60	\$14.34	\$15.33
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$528.19	\$512.05	\$533.69	39.3	38.5	39.3	\$13.44	\$13.30	\$13.58
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$637.55	\$635.88	\$721.01	41.0	42.0	43.2	\$15.55	\$15.14	\$16.69

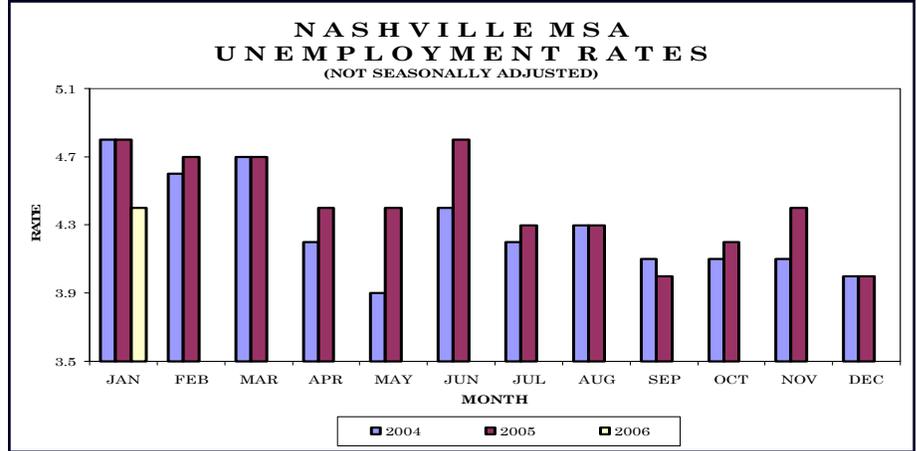
ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	January 2005	Revised December 2005	Preliminary January 2006	Jan. 2005	Net Change Dec. 2005
	2005	2005	2006	Jan. 2006	Jan. 2006
Total Nonfarm	610.8	636.8	624.4	13.6	-12.4
Total Private	521.6	545.4	534.2	12.6	-11.2
Goods-Producing	76.5	77.3	77.6	1.1	0.3
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	23.7	25.6	24.6	0.9	-1.0
Manufacturing	52.8	51.7	53.0	0.2	1.3
Durable Goods Manufacturing	24.8	23.4	25.1	0.3	1.7
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	28.0	28.3	27.9	-0.1	-0.4
Service-Providing	534.3	559.5	546.8	12.5	-12.7
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	169.8	178.0	172.9	3.1	-5.1
Wholesale Trade	36.7	37.3	37.2	0.5	-0.1
Retail Trade	70.5	75.9	72.0	1.5	-3.9
Food & Beverage Stores	9.8	10.1	9.7	-0.1	-0.4
General Merchandise Stores	14.5	15.8	14.7	0.2	-1.1
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	62.6	64.8	63.7	1.1	-1.1
Truck Transportation	14.9	15.4	15.4	0.5	0.0
Warehousing & Storage	8.5	8.6	8.6	0.1	0.0
Information	8.2	8.3	8.1	-0.1	-0.2
Financial Activities	32.8	32.9	32.3	-0.5	-0.6
Professional & Business Services	73.8	82.4	78.5	4.7	-3.9
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	19.4	20.3	19.9	0.5	-0.4
Management of Companies & Enterprises	4.8	5.0	5.0	0.2	0.0
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	49.6	57.1	53.6	4.0	-3.5
Educational & Health Services	72.4	74.0	74.0	1.6	0.0
Health Care & Social Assistance	62.8	64.3	64.3	1.5	0.0
Hospitals	24.3	24.8	24.8	0.5	0.0
Leisure & Hospitality	63.9	67.6	66.2	2.3	-1.4
Accommodation & Food Services	57.6	61.3	60.0	2.4	-1.3
Food Services & Drinking Places	38.9	42.2	41.1	2.2	-1.1
Other Services	24.2	24.9	24.6	0.4	-0.3
Government	89.2	91.4	90.2	1.0	-1.2
Federal Government	14.8	14.8	14.7	-0.1	-0.1
State Government	15.3	16.8	16.1	0.8	-0.7
Local Government	59.1	59.8	59.4	0.3	-0.4



Nashville MSA — Cannon, Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Hickman, Macon, Robertson, Rutherford, Smith, Sumner, Trousdale, Williamson, Wilson

Total nonfarm employment decreased by 11,500 jobs from December to January. There were seasonal decreases in retail trade (down 3,800 jobs), which includes a decline of 1,400 jobs in general merchandise stores; leisure/hospitality (down 1,900 jobs), which includes a drop of 1,100 jobs in accommodation/food services; natural resources/mining/construction (down 1,500 jobs); professional/business services (down 1,400 jobs), which includes a drop of 1,000 jobs in administrative/support/waste management; transportation/warehousing/utilities (down 800 jobs); financial activities (down 700 jobs), which includes a decline in finance/insurance of 400 jobs; educational/health services (down 700 jobs), which includes a decrease of 400 jobs in educational services; and other services (down 400 jobs).



HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS NASHVILLE MSA

Industry	Average Weekly Earnings		Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings			
	Jan. 2005	Dec. 2005	Jan. 2006	Jan. 2005	Dec. 2005	Jan. 2006	Jan. 2005	Dec. 2005	Jan. 2006
Manufacturing	\$575.51	\$587.45	\$567.55	39.8	39.8	38.9	\$14.46	\$14.76	\$14.59
Durable Goods Manufacturing	\$607.77	\$620.06	\$597.72	40.9	41.2	40.8	\$14.86	\$15.05	\$14.65
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$502.43	\$519.92	\$505.40	37.3	36.9	35.0	\$13.47	\$14.09	\$14.44

ESTIMATED NONFARM EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	January 2005	Revised December 2005	Preliminary January 2006	Net Change	
				Jan. 2005 Jan. 2006	Dec. 2005 Jan. 2006
Total Nonfarm	713.7	752.5	741.0	27.3	-11.5
Total Private	617.4	653.2	641.7	24.3	-11.5
Goods-Producing	116.5	121.0	119.4	2.9	-1.6
Natural Resources, Mining, & Construction	32.8	36.2	34.7	1.9	-1.5
Manufacturing	83.7	84.8	84.7	1.0	-0.1
Durable Goods Manufacturing	57.5	57.6	57.7	0.2	0.1
Computer & Electronic Product Manufacturing	4.6	4.8	4.8	0.2	0.0
Electrical Equipment & Appliance Manufacturing	7.8	7.6	7.7	-0.1	0.1
Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	19.5	19.6	19.6	0.1	0.0
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	26.2	27.2	27.0	0.8	-0.2
Service-Providing	597.2	631.5	621.6	24.4	-9.9
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	146.4	157.2	152.5	6.1	-4.7
Wholesale Trade	35.4	36.6	36.5	1.1	-0.1
Retail Trade	83.2	91.2	87.4	4.2	-3.8
Food & Beverage Stores	11.0	11.5	11.1	0.1	-0.4
General Merchandise Stores	16.9	19.0	17.6	0.7	-1.4
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	27.8	29.4	28.6	0.8	-0.8
Information	19.8	20.2	20.1	0.3	-0.1
Financial Activities	44.4	46.1	45.4	1.0	-0.7
Finance & Insurance	34.0	35.2	34.8	0.8	-0.4
Real Estate, Rental, & Leasing	10.4	10.9	10.6	0.2	-0.3
Professional & Business Services	92.3	100.4	99.0	6.7	-1.4
Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services	33.2	34.6	34.3	1.1	-0.3
Management of Companies & Enterprises	6.9	7.1	7.0	0.1	-0.1
Administrative, Support, & Waste Management	52.2	58.7	57.7	5.5	-1.0
Educational & Health Services	98.7	102.8	102.1	3.4	-0.7
Educational Services	21.2	22.5	22.1	0.9	-0.4
Health Care & Social Assistance	77.5	80.3	80.0	2.5	-0.3
Hospitals	27.2	27.7	27.7	0.5	0.0
Leisure & Hospitality	70.4	75.9	74.0	3.6	-1.9
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	7.9	9.0	8.2	0.3	-0.8
Accommodation & Food Services	62.5	66.9	65.8	3.3	-1.1
Accommodation	11.4	12.8	12.3	0.9	-0.5
Food Services & Drinking Places	51.1	54.1	53.5	2.4	-0.6
Other Services	28.9	29.6	29.2	0.3	-0.4
Government	96.3	99.3	99.3	3.0	0.0
Federal Government	11.5	11.6	11.5	0.0	-0.1
State Government	27.7	28.8	28.9	1.2	0.1
Local Government	57.1	58.9	58.9	1.8	0.0

Nonfarm Employment (Smaller MSAs)

	Clarksville, TN-KY MSA		Cleveland, TN MSA		Jackson, TN MSA	
	Dec. '05 Revised	Jan. '06 Prelim.	Dec. '05 Revised	Jan. '06 Prelim.	Dec. '05 Revised	Jan. '06 Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	84,300	83,600	42,800	41,900	61,700	60,300
Total Private	66,100	65,400	36,800	36,000	49,900	48,500
Goods-Producing	17,700	17,600	11,700	11,400	14,200	14,300
Service-Providing	66,600	66,000	31,100	30,500	47,500	46,000
Private Service-Providing	48,400	47,800	25,100	24,600	35,700	34,200
Natural Resources/Construction	2,900	2,800	1,700	1,600	3,200	3,100
Manufacturing	14,800	14,800	10,000	9,800	11,000	11,200
Durable Goods	9,600	9,600	5,600	5,500	7,300	7,400
Nondurable Goods	5,200	5,200	4,400	4,300	3,700	3,800
Trade/Transportation/Utilities	15,700	15,600	7,400	7,200	13,500	12,900
Wholesale Trade	1,800	1,800	1,700	1,700	2,600	2,600
Retail Trade	11,400	11,200	4,700	4,500	8,400	7,900
General Merchandise Stores	3,600	3,500	NA	NA	NA	NA
Transportation/Warehousing/Utilities	2,500	2,600	1,000	1,000	2,500	2,400
Information	1,300	1,300	300	300	700	700
Financial Activities	2,600	2,600	1,700	1,600	1,800	1,800
Professional/Business Services	8,100	7,900	4,400	4,200	3,800	3,900
Educational/Health Services	9,100	9,100	4,800	4,800	8,400	7,500
Leisure/Hospitality	8,500	8,400	4,100	4,100	5,200	5,100
Other Services	3,100	2,900	2,400	2,400	2,300	2,300
Government	18,200	18,200	6,000	5,900	11,800	11,800
Federal Government	5,100	5,000	300	300	600	600
State Government	3,600	3,700	700	600	1,800	1,800
Local Government	9,500	9,500	5,000	5,000	9,400	9,400

	Johnson City, TN MSA		Kingsport/Bristol, TN-VA MSA		Morristown, TN MSA	
	Dec. '05 Revised	Jan. '06 Prelim.	Dec. '05 Revised	Jan. '06 Prelim.	Dec. '05 Revised	Jan. '06 Prelim.
Total Nonfarm	82,200	79,400	122,000	120,200	52,100	50,400
Total Private	66,100	64,600	106,000	104,400	45,000	43,800
Goods-Producing	14,000	13,600	32,800	32,500	18,200	17,800
Service-Providing	68,200	65,800	89,200	87,700	33,900	32,600
Private Service-Providing	52,100	51,000	73,200	71,900	26,800	26,000
Natural Resources/Construction	3,100	2,900	7,100	7,000	1,700	1,600
Manufacturing	10,900	10,700	25,700	25,500	16,500	16,200
Durable Goods	NA	NA	12,100	12,000	11,400	11,100
Nondurable Goods	NA	NA	13,600	13,500	NA	NA
Trade/Transportation/Utilities	14,000	13,600	25,500	24,600	10,400	10,100
Wholesale Trade	2,900	2,900	5,400	5,400	2,000	2,000
Retail Trade	9,900	9,500	15,400	14,600	5,700	5,500
General Merchandise Stores	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Transportation/Warehousing/Utilities	1,200	1,200	4,700	4,600	2,700	2,600
Information	2,600	2,600	1,800	1,800	700	700
Financial Activities	4,400	4,400	4,100	4,100	2,000	2,000
Professional/Business Services	9,300	9,100	9,100	9,000	4,000	3,800
Educational/Health Services	11,300	11,200	16,500	16,400	5,100	5,000
Leisure/Hospitality	7,700	7,300	11,700	11,500	2,900	2,700
Other Services	2,800	2,800	4,500	4,500	1,700	1,700
Government	16,100	14,800	16,000	15,800	7,100	6,600
Federal Government	2,200	2,100	1,200	1,200	300	300
State Government	6,100	5,000	2,300	2,300	1,600	1,300
Local Government	7,800	7,700	12,500	12,300	5,200	5,000

Clarksville MSA is Montgomery County, Stewart County, Christian County, KY, & Trigg County, KY. **Cleveland MSA** is Bradley & Polk counties. **Jackson MSA** is Chester & Madison counties. **Johnson City MSA** is Carter, Unicoi, & Washington counties. **Kingsport-Bristol MSA** is Hawkins County, Sullivan County, Scott County, VA, Washington County, VA, & Bristol City, VA. **Morristown MSA** is Grainger, Hamblen, & Jefferson counties.

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U.S. Consumer Price Index January 2006

Group	Index	Percent Change	
		Yearly	Monthly
U.S. City Average			
All Items (1982-84=100) / All Urban Consumers	198.3	4.0	0.8
All Items (1982-84=100) / Wage Earners & Clerical Workers	194.0	4.1	0.8
South			
All Items (1982-84=100) / All Urban Consumers	191.5	4.3	0.7
All Items (1982-84=100) / Wage Earners & Clerical Workers	188.8	4.6	0.9

